**TUẦN 2 (24/2/2020 – 29/2/2020)**

**THỜI GIAN ĐĂNG ĐÁP ÁN: Thứ 7 (29/2/2020)**

**KHỐI 9 (hệ 10 năm) )**

**Review Unit 8 – 9 English 9**

**I./ Use the words below to complete the compound nouns that match the definitions.**

|  |
| --- |
| ***lag in season over back stop*** |

1. A feeling of tiredness and confusion about time after a long plane journey: jet ***………..***

2. A disadvantage or problem that makes something a less attractive idea: draw***…………***

3. A short stay somewhere between two parts of a journey: stop***……………***

4. A popular time of the year for holidays: peak ***………..***

5. The place where you go first when you arrive at an airport, to show your ticket: check-***…***

6. A place at the side of a road marked with a sign, where buses stop: bus ***……….***

**II./ Complete the sentences using the compound nouns below.**

|  |
| --- |
| ***swimming pool touchdown checkout pile-up mix-up full board*** |

1.The ***…………….***time is 12 noon at this hotel.

2.Let’s make sure that we stay at a hotel with a ***………………………***

3.There was a ***…………..*** with our tickets – we were charged for one-way tickets and not a round trip.

4.The motorway was blocked because there had been a ***……………***

5.After ***…………….***, please remain seated until the aircraft comes to a standstill outside the terminal building.

6.At the hotel, you can choose between bed and breakfast, and ***…………………***

**III./ Form compound nouns from the following words, then fill the gaps to complete the sentences**

|  |
| --- |
| ***holiday out jet offs check sunglasses over take maker stop lag*** |

1. Travellers who cross the Atlantic from New York to London often suffer from ***……….*** for a few days.

2. We would like to remind all guests that ***………………***is at noon.

3. We didn’t fly directly to Australia – we had a one-night ***…………….*** in Singapore.

4. It is irritating that some movie stars wear their ***…………….***even in church.

5. Someone who is away from home on holiday is a ***…………………..***

6. Because of the bad weather, there were no ***……………*** from the airport this morning.

**IV./ Rewrite each sentence so that it has a similar meaning, using the words in CAPITALS**

1.The journey was terrible. (**WHAT**)

⭢***…………………………………***

2.Our hotel was lovely – it was by the sea. (**STAYED**)

⭢***…………………………………***

3.I watched an interesting programme on TV yesterday. (**THE**)

⭢***…………………………………***

4.The guitar my friend has just bought is old (**AN**)

⭢***…………………………………***

5.She needs to travel to Kyoto on business. (**TRIP**)

⭢***…………………………………***

6. My sister studies at university.(**A**)

⭢***…………………………………***

7. Scuba-diving is not really my cup of tea. **INTERESTED**

⭢***…………………………………***

8. No mountains in Western Europe are higher than Mount Blanc.**THE**

⭢***…………………………………***

9. They require special permits to access Son Doong Cave. **TO**

⭢***…………………………………***

10. Jane hasn’t decided where to go on holiday. **MIND**

⭢***…………………………………***

11. We don’t like travelling during peak season. **INTO**

⭢***…………………………………***

**V./ Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences using a, an, the or zero article**

1. My aunt and uncle love sun! They stay in UK in summer and visit friends in Australia in winter.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

2. Not much is known about how brain works.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

3. Bicycle is among the most efficient machines invented by man.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

4. They plan to launch expedition into interior of Australia.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

5. If you want to go on long trip, you should prepare properly for it.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

6. I’m very interested in the history, especially history of Asian countries.

⭢***………………………………………………………………………………………..***

**VI./ Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.**

1. They could understand our conversation if they some English.

A. will know B. know C. knew D. would know

2. It’s an important part of your cultural identity to keep your in speaking English.

A. accent B. skill C. vocabulary D. language

3. Trying to use a dictionary less and switching to a monolingual one can help you to stop translating in your head when you are speaking or listening.

A. bi-monthly B. bilingual C. biannual D. bicentenary

4. If I had more time I a Business English course.

A. take B. took C.will take D. would take

5. Much comes through body language and gesture.

A. speech B. communication C. talk D. exchange

6. Are you someone who can read and write well in English but cannot speak ?

A. fluency B. a fluency C. fluent D. fluently

7. In a class, this is a great opportunity to learn about different customs and traditions around the world.

A. multi-dimensionalB. multinationalC. multilingual D. multi-disciplinary

8. The children attend that English school receive good education.

A. which B. whose C. who D.whom

9. Try to the meaning of words rather than going straight for your dictionary.

A. decide B. except C. judge D.guess

10. If you get when speaking, take two deep breaths before you say something.

A. pleased B. unwilling C. annoyed D. nervous

11. Mike comes from a city is located in the southern part of England.

A. when B. that C. where D. who

12. Reading is the best way to your vocabulary in any language.

A. raise B. put up C. improve D. increase

13. No one ever improves pronunciation and by watching someone else’s shape of the mouth! You improve English speaking by speaking, not watching.

A. accent B. sounds C. rhythm D. tone

14. The picture reminds him of the time he studied in New York.

A. where B. why C. which D. when

15. He is not exactly rich but he certainly earns enough to .

A. get on B. get up C. get down D. get by

16. The language that you learn to speak from birth is language

A. second B. foreign C. official D. first

17. If I taller, I better at basketball.

A. be – would beB. were – might beC. am – will be D. were – would have been

18. Reading helps you learn vocabulary easily as you will new words without even realizing it when you read.

A. face up B. look up C. pick up D. give up

19. If you in my position, what would you do?

A. were B. would be C. are D. will be

20. If you want to improve your speaking skill, you should attend the courses that are taught in a way.

A. lexical B. communicative C. traditional D. domestic

21. There was a storm had never experienced before.

A. which B.for which C. such as D. as which

22. It is not easy to foreign language without communicating with the native speakers regularly.

A. master B. challenge C. translate D. simplify

23. Children always want to know the reason things are as they are.

A. which B.who C. why D. whom

24. Is the first of March the day the astronaut will come and give a speech at our school?

A. which B.when C. that D. what

25. There are many of English all over the world such as British English, American English and Indian English.

A. dialogues B. varieties C. speakers D. terms

**THE END**